Novel C60 based hydrogen-bonded supramolecule: synthesis, characterization and self-assembly

Yuliang $\text{Li},^1$ Zhiqiang $\text{Shi},^1$ Shengxiong Xiao¹ and Daoben Zhu^1

¹Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences Institute of Chemistry Chinese Academy of Sciences Beijing 100080 P.R. China

Novel self-assembly systems of donor molecules [ferrocene and poly (phenylene vinylene) as donor units] with organofullerene by a three-point hydrogen-bonding interaction were designed and established. The formation of hydrogen bonding was established by 1H-NMR studies in CDCl3. Fluorescence quenching experiments indicated that the fluorescence of U- PPV was quenched much larger by DAP-C60 (KSV =1.04E+105 M-1) than by N-methyl-pyrrolidino[60]fullerene (MPYLD-C60) (KSV =4.61E+104 M-1) without formation of three-point hydrogen bonds with U-PPV. Electrochemical experiment showed that electronic interactions between organofullerene and ferrocene took place through non-covalent triple hydrogen bondings in ground state.