

The dimension and strength of a single C-C bond in carbon nanotubes

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With the measured values of coalescent temperature ($T_m \cong 1600$ K) [¹] and the product of Young's modulus with the wall (bond) thickness ($Yt \cong 0.3685$ TPa-nm) [²] as well as their functional dependence on atomic coordination, bond length and bond energy [^{3,4}], the dimension (length and thickness) and strength of a single C-C bond in a carbon single-walled nanotube (SWNT) have been determined. Solutions show that the SWNT C-C bond is ~0.143 nm thick and ~0.116 nm long (contracts by ~18.5%) associated with ~68% bond energy rise. Besides, the predicted diameter-dependence matches with observed trends of T_m -suppression and Y-enhancement of multi-walled carbon nanotubes. Findings could provide not only consistent insight into the elastic-enhancement and the coalescent-suppression of the nanotubes but also an effective way obtaining information that is beyond the capacity of currently available techniques.

¹ B. An, S. Fukuyama, K. Yokogawa, M. Yoshimura, Jpn. J. Appl. Phys. 1 37(6B), 3809 (1998)

² E. W. Wong, P. E. Sheehan, C. M. Lieber, *Science* 277, 1971 (1997).

³ Sun C. Q., Wang Y., Tay B. K., S. Li, Huang H, Zhang Y., *J. Phys. Chem. B* 106 (41), 10701-10705 (2002).
Correlation between the melting point of a nanosolid and the cohesive energy of a surface atom

⁴ Sun C. Q., Tay B. K., Lau S. P., Sun X. W., Zeng X. T., Bai H., Liu H., Liu Z. H., Jiang E. Y., *J. Appl. Phys.* 90(5), 2615-2617 (2001). Bond contraction and lone pair interaction at nitride surfaces